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# European Technical Assessment

# ETA-19/0566 of 2019-10-21

### **General Part:**

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:	SINTEF
Trade name of the construction Product:	RVK and TSS connection units
Product family to which the construction product belongs:	Corbel free load-bearing steel connections for precast slabs
Manufacturer:	Invisible Connections AS Øran NO-6300 Åndalsnes Norway
Manufacturing plant(s):	Invisible Connections manufacturing plant
This European Technical Assessment contains:	12 pages including 2 Annexes which form an integral part of this assessment
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of:	European Assessment Document (EAD) 160069-00-0301 - Corbel free load-bearing steel connections for precast slabs

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### 1. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT

The RVK and TSS connection units are in accordance with the general description in Clause 1.1 in EAD 160069-00-0301.

All connection units are rectangular hollow sections (RHS) or square hollow sections (SHS) made of cold formed structural steel S355J2H (1.0576), in accordance with EN 10219-1:2006.

The design and main dimensions are shown in Annex A.

This ETA covers the following different connection units:

	Bridge element (inner tube)		Load categories <sup>2)</sup>			
Product series <sup>1)</sup>		Sliding box (outer tube)	a) <u>Without</u> simultaneously acting horizontal design support reaction	b) <u>With</u> permitted simultaneously acting horizontal design support reaction, H <sub>Ed</sub>		
			F <sub>V,Ed</sub>	F <sub>V,Ed</sub>	$H_{Ed} = \mu \cdot F_{V,Ed}$	
			[kN]	[kN]	[kN]	
TSS 20 FA TSS 20 FA G	SHS 40 x 40 x 4,0	-	20	20	4	
TSS 41 TSS 41 G	RHS 70 x 40 x 4,0	RHS 80 x 50 x 4,0	40	39	7,8	
TSS 101 TSS 101 G	RHS 100 x 50 x 6.0	RHS 120 x 60 x 4,0	100	94	18,8	
RVK 101 RVK 101 G		1			10,0	
TSS 102 TSS 102 G	RHS 100 x 50 x 6,0	RHS 120 x 80 x 5,0	100	90	18	

<sup>1)</sup> An additional letter G indicate hot dip galvanized version.

<sup>2)</sup> The load category corresponds to the permitted vertical design reaction force (support reaction), F<sub>V,Ed</sub>, in ULS, on the bridge element.

The position of the bridge element (inner tube) of the RVK unit is adjusted through a slot in the surface of the slab (staircase) element. The units have a safety stop at the back of the inner tube to prevent overextension.

The TSS unit is identical to the RVK unit except that the TSS unit has no opening to the upper surface. The position of the bridge element (inner tube) is instead adjusted by two strings with different colour. The units have a control line marking the correct position of the bridge element, and a hole for a locking bolt. The TSS unit is specially designed to connect precast stair- and landing elements where the final surface finish of the elements are made in the factory, for example terrazzo.

TSS 20 FA is a fixed connector without a sliding box, i.e. only with a bridge element that shall be casted directly into the precast slab with a free protruding part.

TSS 102 is a variant specially designed to reduce impact sound transmission. A rubber layer is glued to the inner tube and the dimension of the outer tube is increased in order to make sufficient space for the rubber. Beside of this, the use of the TSS 102 unit is similar to the use of the RVK/TSS 101 units.

The additional product "Masticord bearing pads" is delivered for providing equal support load distribution and elastic support in order to reduce impact sound transmission. This product can be used in case the TSS 102 unit is not applicable and reduced impact sound transmission is still required.

The pads are made of a homogeneous blend of ozone resistant rubber elastomers with a high strength random synthetic fibre cord. The bearing pads are 75 mm wide, 125 mm long and 6,5 mm thick. The hardness is 75 shore. As additional products the manufacturer also provides "Blockout box" for TSS 41 and RVK/TSS 101, used to make recesses in the walls.

# 2. SPECIFICATION OF THE INTENDED USE(S) IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE EUROPEAN ASSESSMENT DOCUMENT (HEREINAFTER EAD)

Intended use of the RVK and TSS connection units is in accordance with Clause 1.2 in EAD 160069-00-0301. For specification of intended use, see Annex B in this European Technical Assessment (ETA).

The performances given in Section 3 in this ETA are only valid if the connection units are used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex A and B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this ETA is based lead to the assumption of a working life for the RVK and TSS connection units of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

# 3. PERFORMANCE OF THE PRODUCT AND REFERENCES TO THE METHODS USED FOR ITS ASSESSMENT

Essential characteristic	Performance
<ol> <li>Material properties:</li> <li>Material</li> <li>Yield strength</li> <li>Tensile strength</li> </ol>	See Annex A.1 (Table A.1)
<ul> <li>2) Dimensions and dimensional tolerances:</li> <li>Dimensions bridge element</li> <li>Dimensions sliding box</li> <li>Free space between bridge element and sliding box</li> <li>Cantilever- and lever arms, including tolerances, for the intended use</li> </ul>	See Annex A.2 (Table A.2 and Figures A.1 to A.5)
<ul> <li>3) Resistance under static and quasi-static loading:</li> <li>Load category, F<sub>V,Ed</sub> [kN]</li> <li>Load category, H<sub>Ed</sub> [kN]</li> <li>Design shear resistance, V<sub>Rd</sub> [kN]</li> <li>Design moment resistance, M<sub>Rd</sub> [kNm]</li> <li>Internal vertical design reaction forces, R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> [kN]</li> </ul>	See Annex A.3 (Table A.3)
4) Durability	See Annex A.4

### **3.1** Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

# 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance	
5) Reaction to fire	Class A1, acc. to EN 13501-1: 2018	
6) Resistance to fire	See Annex A.5	

# 4. ASSESSMENT AND VERIFICATION OF CONSTANCY OF PERFORMANCE (HEREINAFTER AVCP) SYSTEM APPLIED, WITH REFERENCE TO ITS LEGAL BASE

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 160069-00-0301, the applicable European legal act is 98/214/EC.

The system to be applied is: 2+

# 5. TECHNICAL DETAILS NECESSARY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AVCP SYSTEM, AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE APPLICABLE EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at SINTEF.

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By

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### **ANNEX A** – ESSENTIAL CHARACTERISTICS

# A.1 Material properties

#### Table A.1: Materials

Component	Material		Mechanical properties		
		Technical delivery condition	Yield Strength, f <sub>y</sub> (R <sub>e</sub> ⊢) [N/mm²]	Tensile strength, fu (Rm) [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	
All RHS and SHS steel sections	Cold formed structural steel S355J2H (1.0576)	According to technical documentation, EN 10219-1:2006, EN 10219-2:2006 and EN 1993-1-1:2005+A1:2014+AC2015	355	470	

#### A.2 Dimensions

			Product series:					
Dimensions:		TSS 20 FA TSS 41		TSS 101 RVK 101	TSS 102			
			(Fig. A.1)	(Fig. A.2)	(Fig. A.3 and A.4)	(Fig. A.5)		
Bridg	e elemer	nt (inner tube)						
Ab	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Cross-section area of the bridge element	535	775	1560	1560		
Lb	[mm]	Length of the bridge element	215	275	TSS: 295 RVK: 300	342		
L <sub>Max</sub>	[mm]	Max permitted extension of the bridge element (nominal value)	90	110	110	110		
Wb	[mm]	With of the bridge element	40	70	100	100		
hb	[mm]	Hight of the bridge element	40	40	50	50		
t <sub>b</sub>	[mm]	Thickness of the bridge element	4	4	6	6		
Slidin	g box (o	uter tube)						
As	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Cross-section area of the sliding box	-	935	1335	1836		
Ls	[mm]	Length of the sliding box	-	320	345	397		
Ws	[mm]	With of the sliding box	-	80	120	120		
hs	[mm]	Hight of the sliding box	-	50	60	80		
ts	[mm]	Thickness of the sliding box	-	4	4	5		
Free	space be	etween bridge element and sliding box						
fv	[mm]	Free space between tubes in vertical direction	-	2	2	20 4 <sup>1)</sup>		
fh	[mm]	Free space between tubes in horizontal direction	-	2	12	10		
	Cantilever- and lever arms corresponding to the intended use of the connection units <sup>2)</sup>							
a*	[mm]	Nominal value of the cantilever arm	75	110	115	115		
а	[mm]	Cantilever arm, including unfavourable tolerances: a = a* + $\Delta_a$	80	115	120	120		
b*	[mm]	Nominal value of the lever arm	100	120	135	187		
b	[mm]	Lever arm, including unfavourable tolerances: b = b* - $(\Delta_a + \Delta_b)$	90	110	125	177		
С*	[mm]	Nominal distance between $R_2$ and $R_3$	-	155	160	160		
bıncr*	[mm]	Nominal value of the lever arm: $b_{Incr}^* = b^* + c^*$	-	275	295	347		
bıncr.	[mm]	Lever arm, including unfavourable tolerances: $b_{Incr} = b_{Incr}^* - (\Delta_a + \Delta_{b,Incr})$	-	265	285	337		
е	[mm]	Nominal value of the cantilever arm from the concrete slab edge to the centre of the support area	65	75	75	75		

<sup>1)</sup> Free space between rubber layer and the sliding box

<sup>2)</sup> Cantilever- and lever arms corresponding to the intended use and appurtenant achieved load categories, see Annex A.3. All tolerances:  $\Delta_a = \Delta_b = \Delta_{b,lncr} = +/-5$  mm.

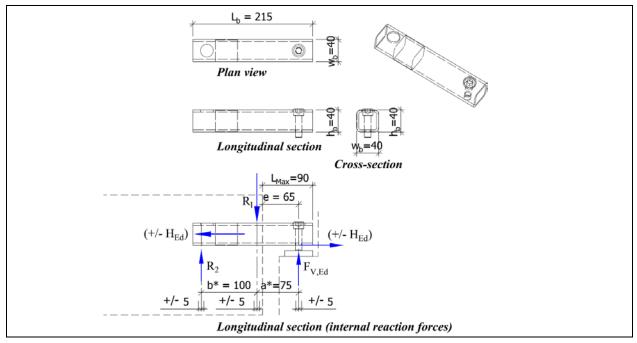


Figure A.1: TSS 20 FA and TSS 20 FA G

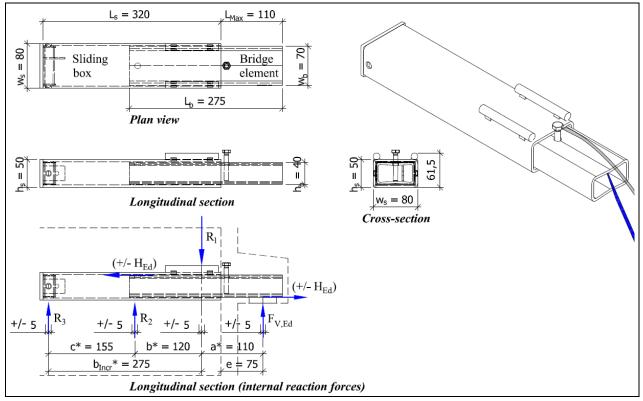


Figure A.2: TSS 41 and TSS 41 G

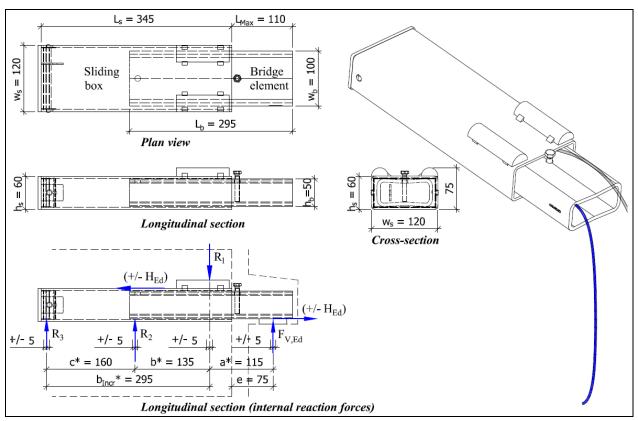


Figure A.3: TSS 101 and TSS 101 G

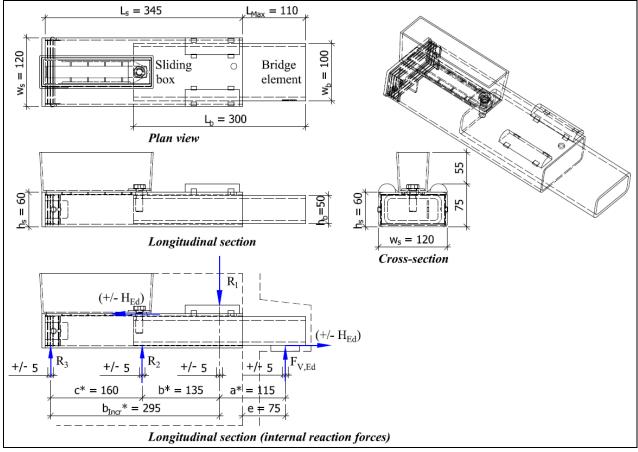


Figure A.4: RVK 101 and RVK 101 G

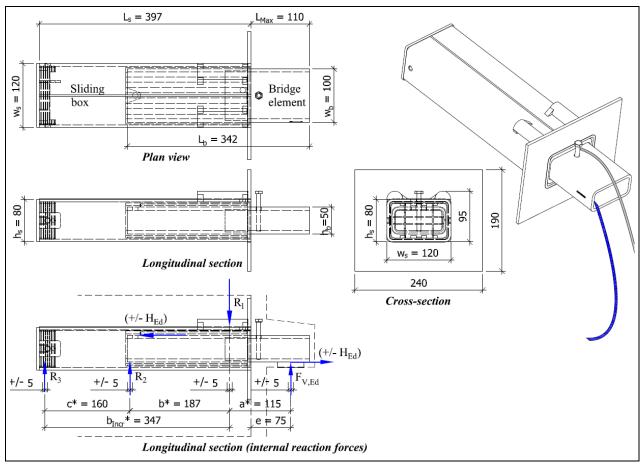


Figure A.5: TSS 102 and TSS 102 G

### A.3 Resistance under static and quasi-static loading

		Product series:				
Perfor	Performance:		TSS 20 FA	TSS 41	TSS 101 RVK 101	TSS 102
			(Fig. A.1)	(Fig. A.2)	(Fig. A.3 and A.4)	(Fig. A.5)
Load c	ategories	; <sup>1)</sup>				
a) With	nout the h	norizontal force, H <sub>Ed</sub>				
$F_{V,Ed}$	[kN]	Permitted vertical design support reaction	20	40	100	100
<b>b)</b> <u>Wit</u>	h the hori	zontal force, H <sub>Ed</sub>				
F∨,Ed	[kN]	Permitted vertical design support reaction in combination with simultaneously acting $H_{Ed} = \mu \cdot F_{V,Ed}$	20	39	94	90
H <sub>Ed</sub> <sup>4)</sup>	[kN]	Permitted simultaneously acting horizontal design support reaction, $H_{Ed} = \mu \cdot F_{V,Ed}$	4,0	7,8	18,8	18,0
Interna	Internal design reaction forces related to the intended use <sup>2)</sup>					
R1	[kN]	At the front of the bridge element	38,7	82,6	196,0	167,8
R <sub>2</sub>	[kN]	At the rear of the bridge element	18,7	43,6	97,8	67,8
R <sub>3</sub>	[kN]	At the rear of the sliding box	-	18,1	42,9	35,6
Design	Design cross section resistance of the bridge element <sup>3)</sup>					
$V_{Rd}$	[kN]	Design shear resistance	52,2	62,4	117	117
$M_{Rd}$	[kNm]	Design moment resistance	2,4	3,8	9,6	9,6

 Table A.3:
 Resistance under static and quasi-static loading

<sup>1)</sup> Load categories (ULS) determined according to Annex A.3 in EAD 160069-00-0301. Permitted design reaction forces F<sub>V,Ed</sub> and H<sub>Ed</sub> determined with cantilever- and lever arms corresponding to the intended use as specified in Table A.2 in this ETA, including unfavourable tolerances.

<sup>2)</sup> Internal vertical design reaction forces ( $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$ ) determined according to Annex A.2 in EAD 160069-00-0301, with cantilever- and lever arms for the intended use as specified in Table A.2 in this ETA, including unfavourable tolerances. Values for  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  given for the most unfavourable combination of a)  $F_{V,Ed}$ without simultaneously acting  $H_{Ed}$  and b)  $F_{V,Ed}$  with simultaneously acting  $H_{Ed} = \mu \cdot F_{V,Ed}$ 

<sup>3)</sup> Design cross section resistance determined according to EN 1993-1-1:2005+A1:2014+AC:2015 with the partial safety factor  $\gamma_{M0} = 1,05$ . Values for  $V_{Rd}$  and  $M_{Rd}$  in this table are without interaction.

<sup>4)</sup> The horizontal friction force,  $H_{Ed} = \mu \cdot F_{V,Ed}$ , calculated with the friction factor  $\mu = 0,2$ . This force may occur due to shrinkage and/or temperature variation in the precast slab structure.

# A.4 Durability

The coating type and thickness on corrosion protected connection units are as follow: Hot dip galvanized according to EN ISO 1461:2009. Minimum thickness of 0,08 mm.

# A.5 Resistance to fire

The RVK and TSS connection units are connected to the reinforced slab concrete structure, based on the structural design for the works according to applicable design standards. To ensure required resistance to fire, the reinforced slab structure has to be designed and constructed according to the provisions of an appropriate standard for structural fire design and/or guidance rules that are developed by the manufacturer.

#### ANNEX B - INTENDED USE

#### **B.1 Specification of intended use**

The connection units are designed for connecting precast stairs and landing elements to the stairway shaft walls, and transferring static vertical shear loads between the concrete components. The connection units may also be used to support floor slabs mounted between walls for other purposes. Standard units are used indoor in dry conditions. Connection units made of hot dip galvanized steel may be used for external exposure according to the requirements for the individual projects.

#### **B.2** Design

RVK and TSS connection units shall be internally supported by anchoring/suspension reinforcement inside the slab structure, as illustrated in Figure A.1 to A.5. For full utilization of the determined load categories,  $F_{V,Ed}$ , the reinforcement must be designed and located to correspond with the internal design reaction forces  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  in Annex A.3, with 5 mm tolerance. The position of the internal design reaction forces shall correspond to the resultant force in the reinforcement.

To ensure required resistance in all limit states, the reinforced slab structure shall be designed and constructed according to the provisions of an appropriate design standard, full scale tests and/or guidance rules that are developed by the manufacturer.

#### **B.3 Installation**

RVK and TSS staircase connections shall be installed in accordance with detailed construction documentation, such as drawings, models, specifications etc., established for the specific works.

Based on combination of performed calculations- and full scale tests of embedded connection units, the manufacturer may accompany the RVK and TSS connection units with guidance rules developed for its use, including instructions for given specific design- and installation situations.